

DOE's Approach to Nuclear Facility Safety Analysis and Management

Dr. James O'Brien
Office of Nuclear Safety
Office of Health, Safety and Security
U.S. Department of Energy

Overview

- ▶ U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Safety Management Regulatory Framework
- ▶ Safety Analysis
 - Hazard Analysis
 - Accident Analysis
 - Hazard Control Identification
- ▶ Probabilistic Risk Assessment
- ▶ Important Concepts and Issues

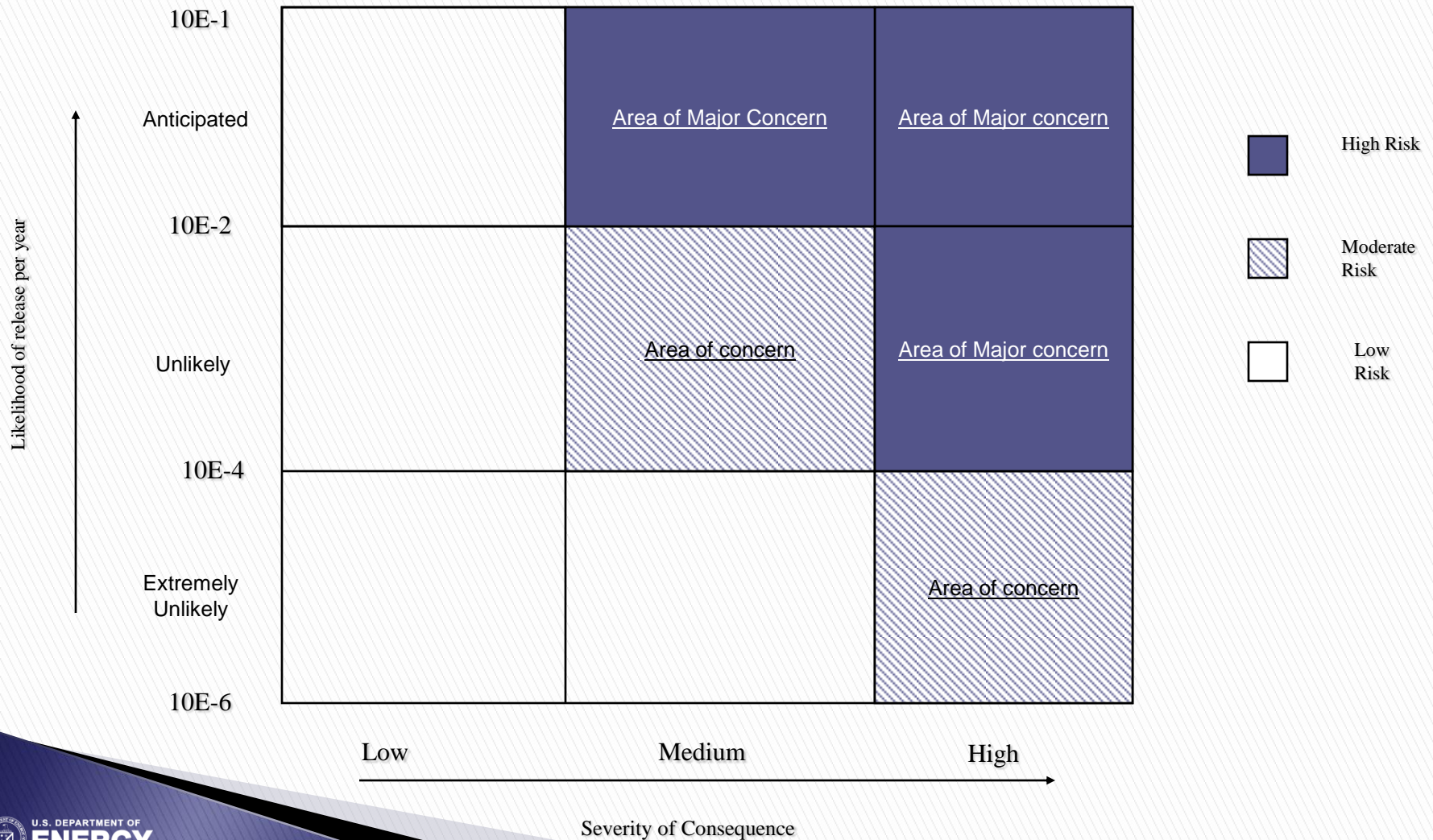
DOE Safety Management Regulatory Framework

- ▶ Nuclear Safety Policy
- ▶ Nuclear Safety Rule
 - Safety Analysis
 - Quality Assurance
- ▶ Nuclear Safety Orders
 - Facility Design
 - Conduct of Operations, Maintenance, Training
 - Readiness Review

Hazard Assessment

- ▶ Diversity of DOE Facilities Types
- ▶ Use of Center for Chemical Process Safety Guides
- ▶ Outcomes
 - Risk Matrix
 - Potential Hazard Controls for In facility Workers
 - Accident Types to be further analyzed

Risk Ranking and Binning



Accident Analysis

- ▶ **Technique**
 - Accident Types
 - Bounding Analysis
- ▶ **Input Parameters**
 - Material at Risk
 - Damage Ratio, Airborne Release Fraction
 - Site Meteorological and Terrain Parameters
- ▶ **Outputs**
 - Estimate of Unmitigated Consequences
 - Estimate of Mitigated Consequences

Hazard Controls

- ▶ Receptors
 - Public
 - Co-Located Worker
 - Facility Worker
- ▶ Types
 - Safety Class/Safety Significant
 - Specific Administrative Controls
- ▶ Hierarchy of Controls

Probabilistic Risk Assessment

- ▶ Nuclear Safety Policy Addresses Use of Probabilistic Risk Assessment (PRA)
- ▶ Draft Standard for Interim Use and Comment
- ▶ Potential Applications
- ▶ Establishment of Risk Working Group

Benefits/Costs with increased use of QRA/PRA

► Benefits

- Higher level of safety assurance
- Use of Qualitative Risk Assessment (QRA) for preventative controls versus mitigative controls
- Understanding importance of controls
- Defining Design Basis Accidents

► Costs

- Cost of development
- Cost of maintenance
- Over reliance on output

► Ensure right application

DOE Challenges with increased use of QRA/PRA

- ▶ Ensuring appropriateness and adequacy of tools
- ▶ Ensuring adequacy of data
- ▶ Developing standard/guidance for
 - Performance of QRA
 - Quality Assurance of QRA
 - Peer Review of QRA
- ▶ Establishing appropriate support infrastructure

Important Issues and Concepts

- ▶ Adequate Protection
- ▶ Defense in Depth
- ▶ Multiple Layers of Protection
- ▶ Design Basis versus Evaluation Basis
- ▶ Beyond Design Basis
- ▶ Dispersion Analysis
- ▶ Bounding versus Reasonably Conservative